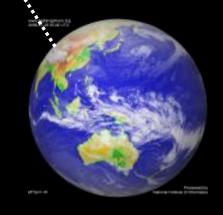




Global
Positioning
System
(G.P.S.)







### Glossary

GPS – Global Positioning System

GIS – Geographic Information System

GNSS – Global Navigation Satellite System

RTK – Real-Time Kinematic

Other GPS Systems

Glonass – Russian satellite system

Galileo – European satellite system

Compass – Chinese satellite system



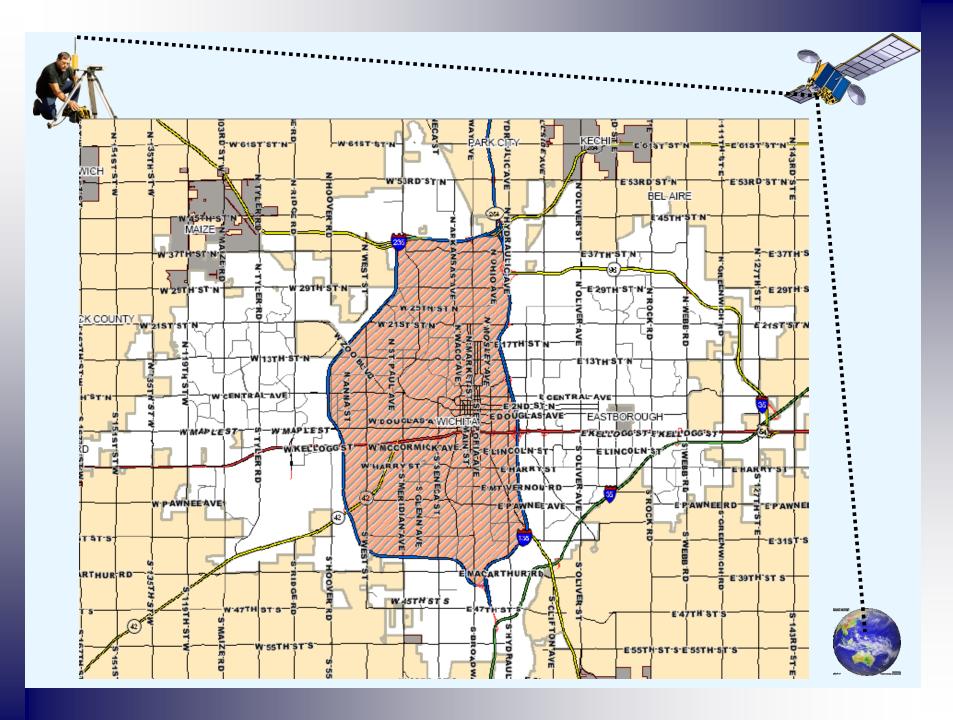




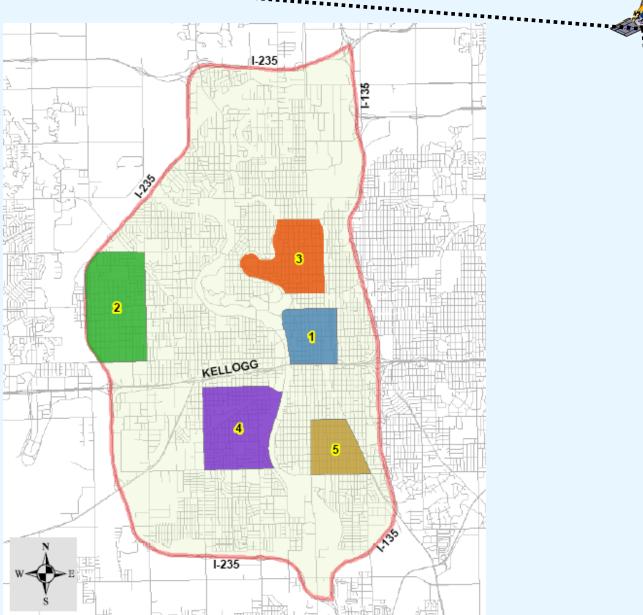
## Background

- 2004: Storm Water Utility re-organized
- 2005: Determined the need for a detailed drainage inventory
- 2006: Council approved \$1,000,000 to begin digital inventory of the Storm Water system and structures















## Staff's Challenge

- How to accomplish this in the most economical and efficient manner possible?
- Answer: Use of G.P.S.
  - Questions remained:
    - How Accurate?
    - How Expensive?







## Challenges (cont.)

- We knew there were several recent developments occurring in G.P.S. technology.
- If we hired a consultant to inventory they would need a 'rover' and 'base station'.

#### Answer

Why not install our own base stations. CO-OP with COUNTY & WESTAR







## History of G.P.S.

- 1978 1<sup>st</sup> GPS satellites launched
- 1983 "FREE TO THE WORLD"
- March 1994 24<sup>th</sup> satellite launched
- May 2000 Discontinue degradation of code
- February 2007 Accuracy to within 1 cm.

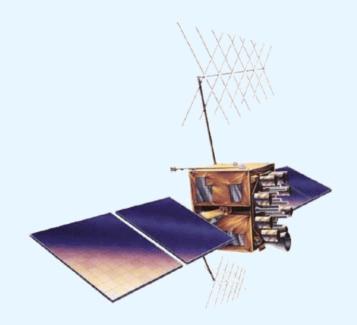






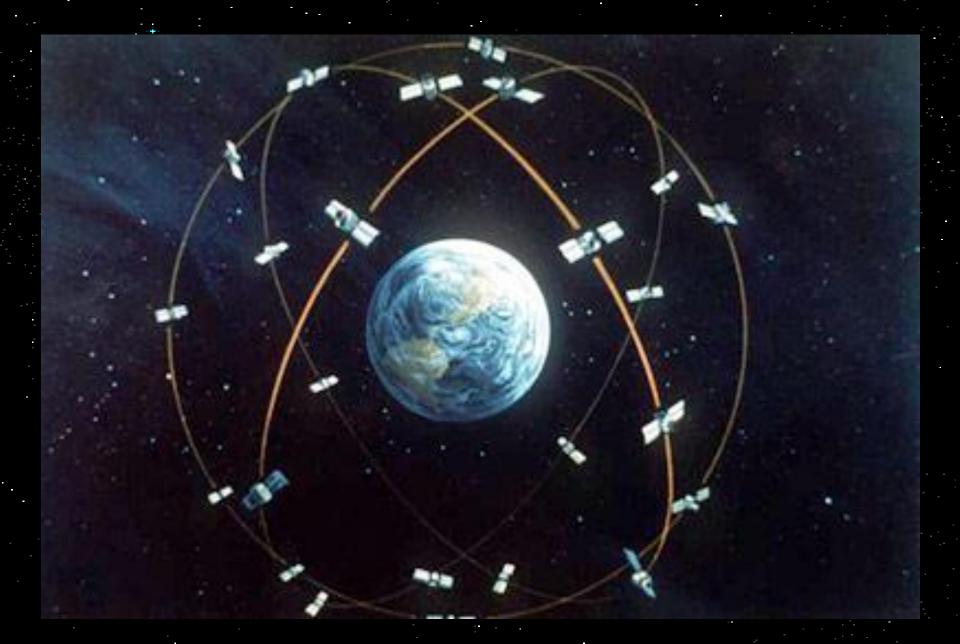
#### How GPS Works

• Constellation of 31 Earth-orbiting satellites (Maximum number that can be operational)







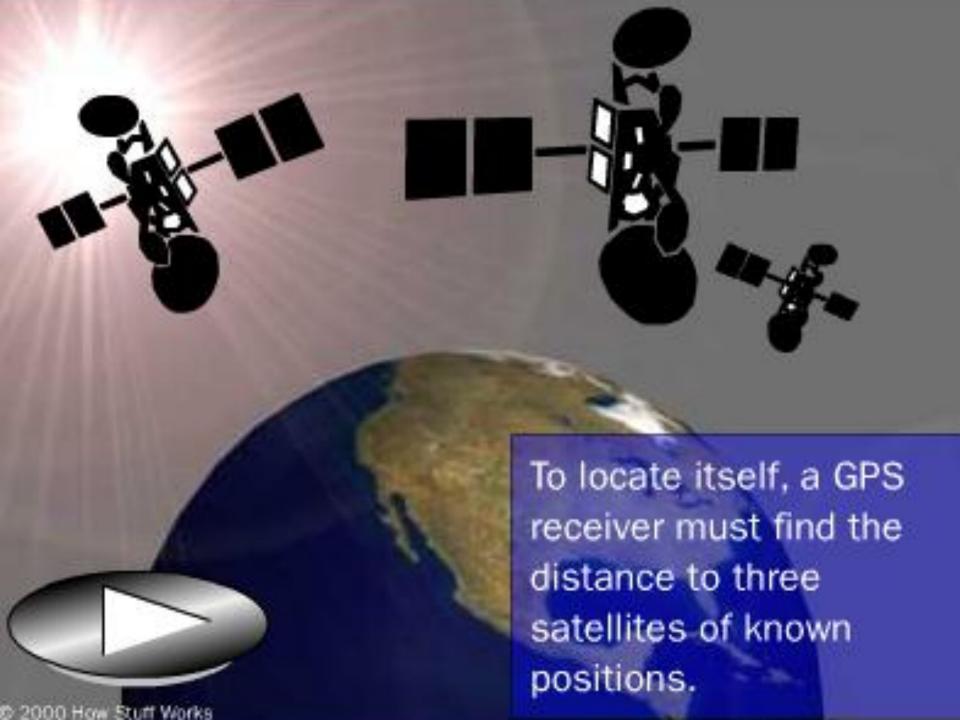


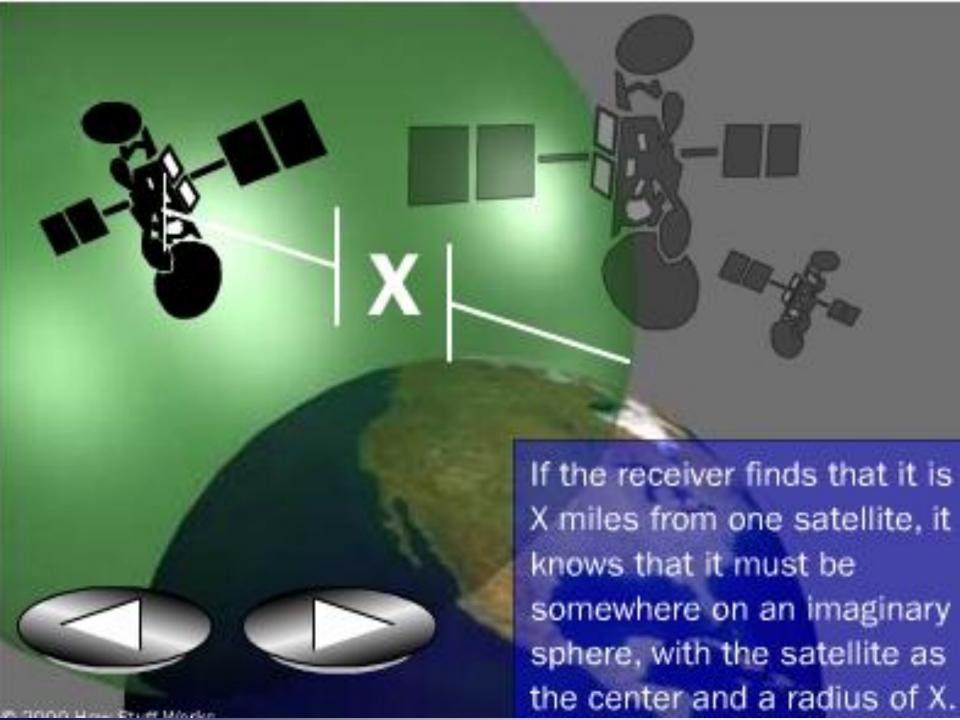


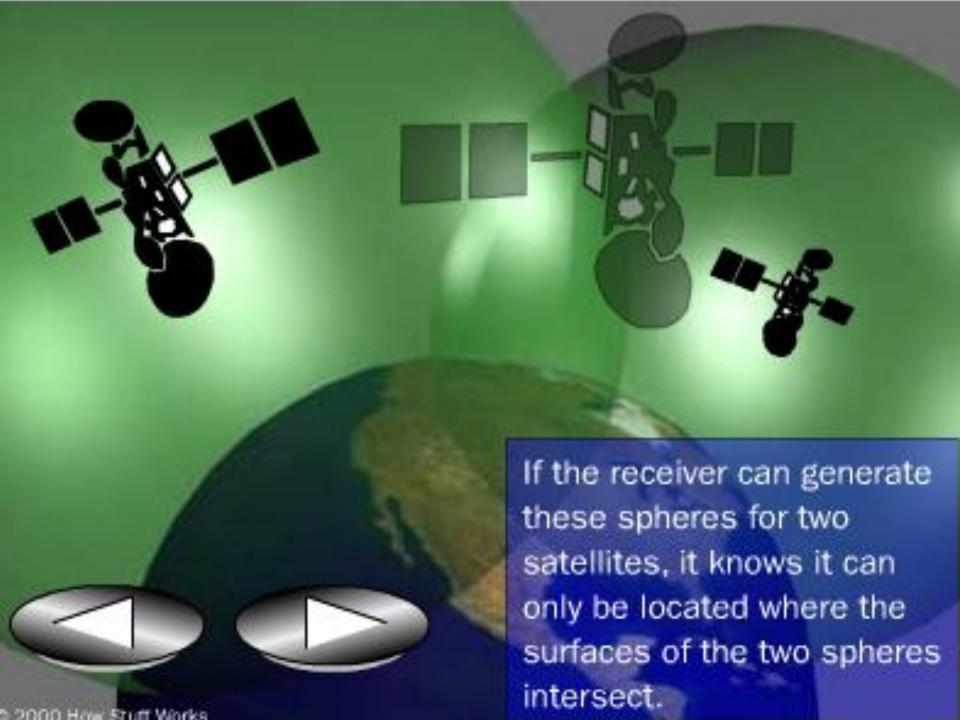
#### **How GPS Works**

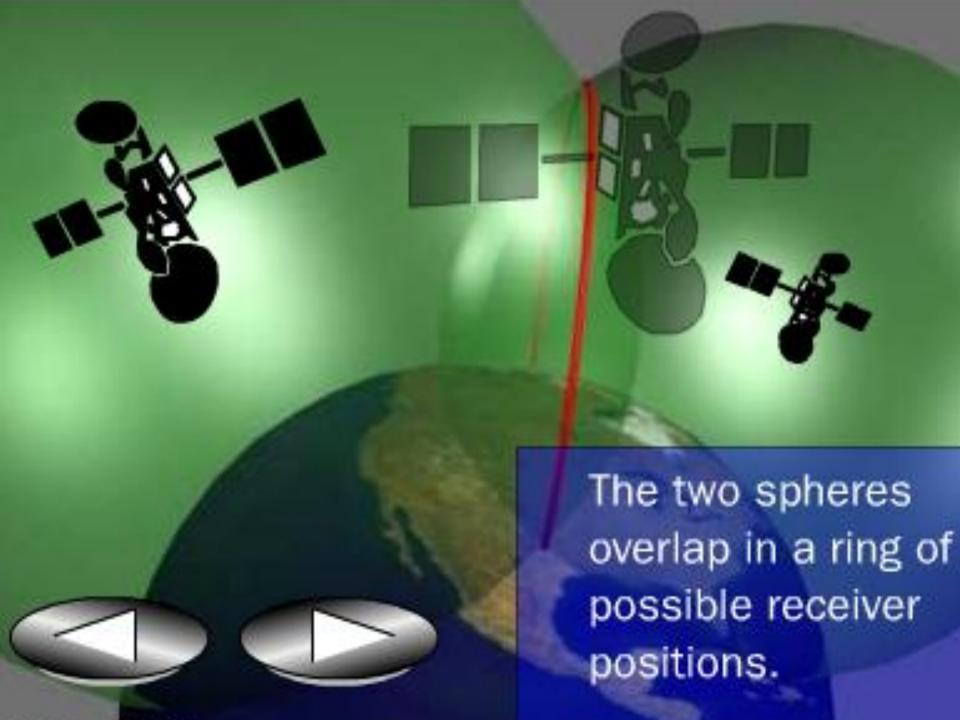
- Satellites circling the globe make two complete rotations a day.
- Orbits are arranged so that at any given time anywhere on Earth there are at least 4 satellites "visible" in the sky
- GPS receivers locate four or more of these satellites, determine the distance to each, and use this information to deduce its own location.
- This operation is based on a simple mathematical principle called 'trilateration'.

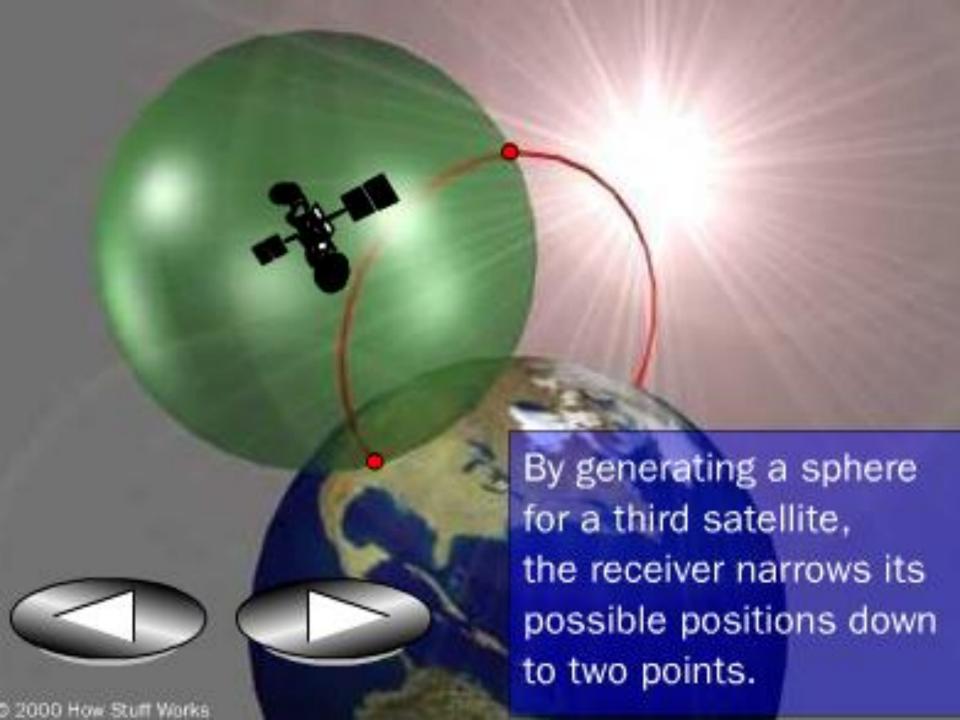


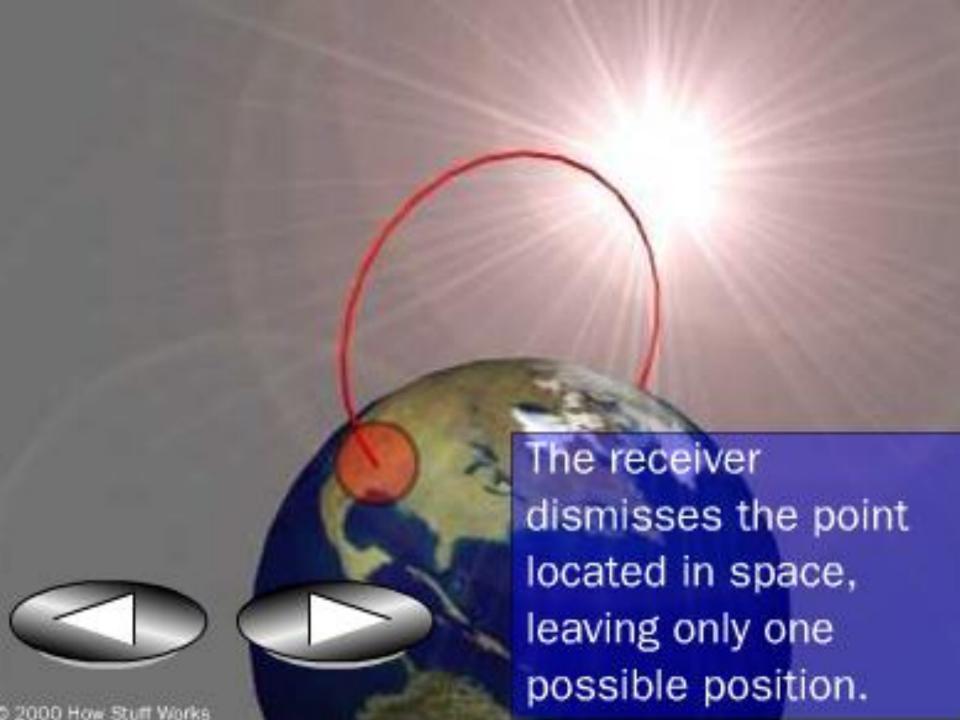






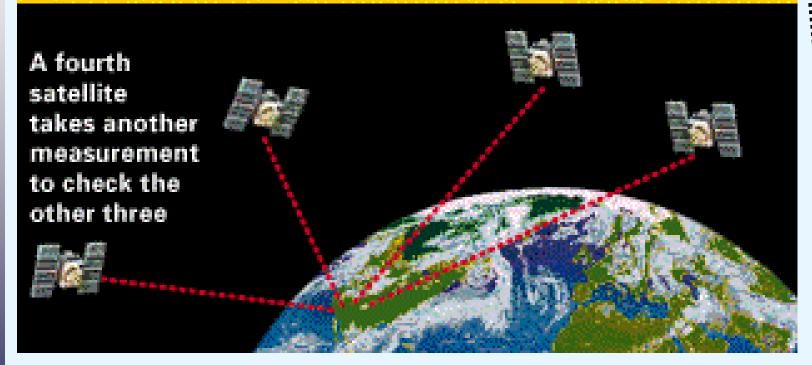








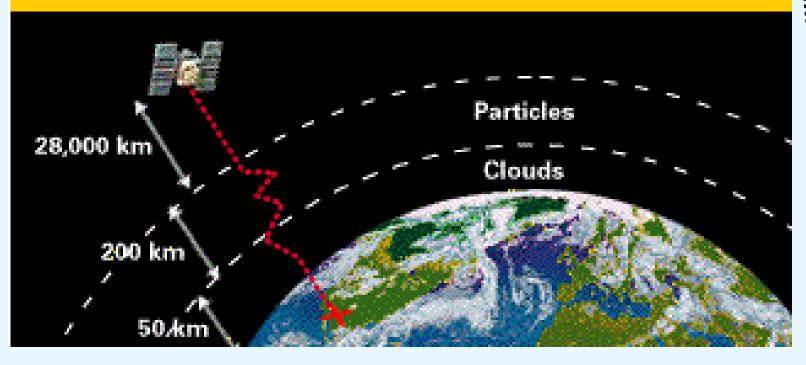
#### A fourth satellite makes timing perfect





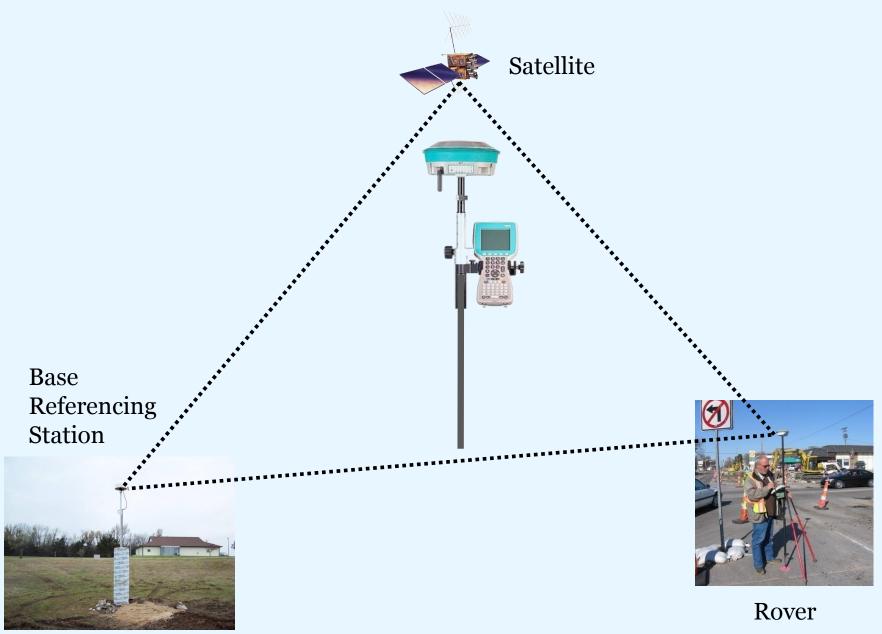


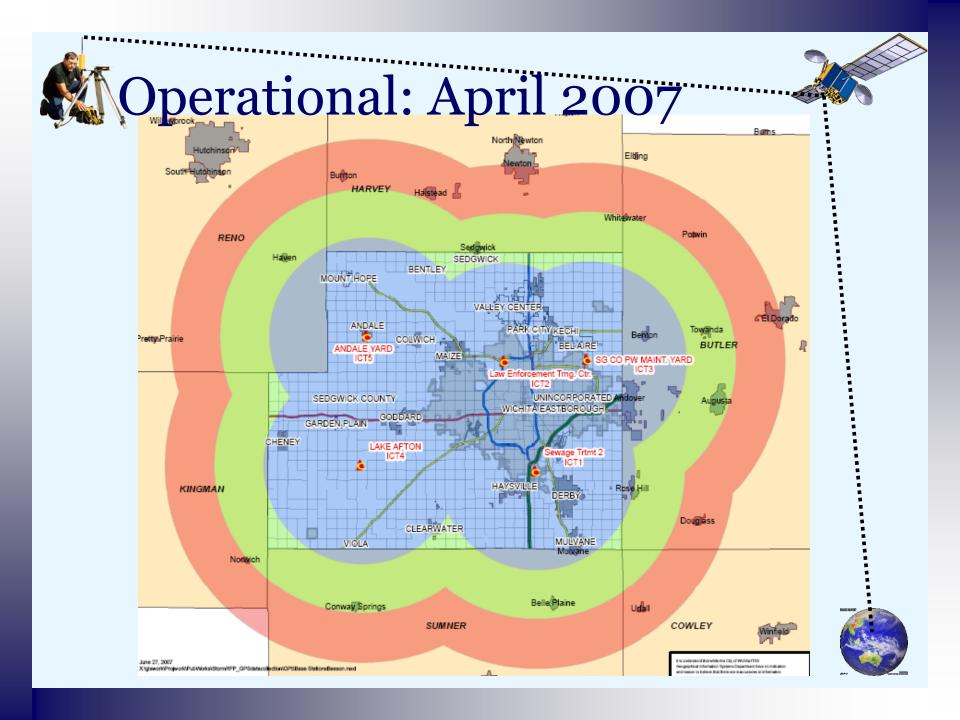
#### In review: Error correction



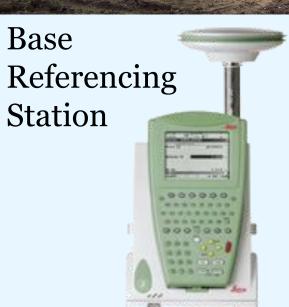


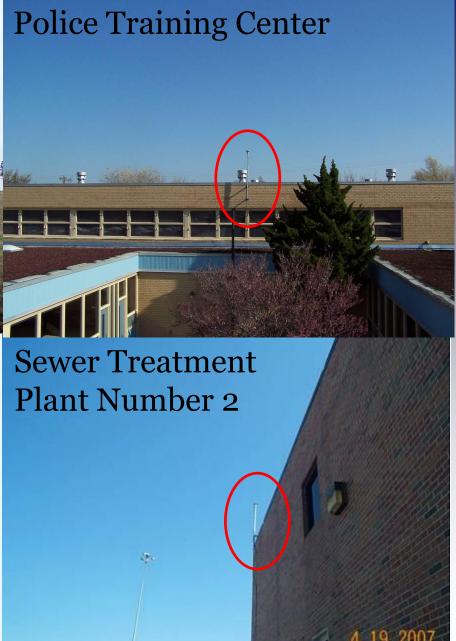
## Real – Time Kinematic















#### Costs

2 base stations: <\$40,000

Spider Network: <<u>\$50,000</u>

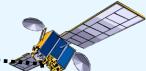
Total Setup: <\$100,000

## Savings

- Lower fees for Storm Water Inventory
- Lower fees for levee certification
- Lower fees for digital topography







## G.P.S. Surveying

- Construction Section
  - Horizontal and vertical control of close to 300 projects annually
  - Projects have a total value of over \$70,000,000
  - Projects have become more complex
- Mass grading projects are now a standard part of subdivisions
- City survey crews still stake streets, sewers, waterlines and bridges







## Krug North







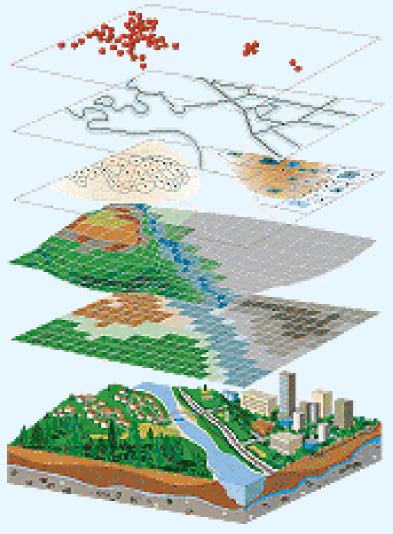
# Krug North





## Comparison Current/Future















# USER FEES/ MAINTENANCE FEES

